## Data Management and Sharing Policy Guidance for NIH Reviewers

Sharing scientific data accelerates biomedical research discovery, in part, by enabling validation of research results, providing accessibility to high-value datasets, and promoting data reuse for future research studies. The NIH Data Management and Sharing (DMS) policy requires that most applications (i.e., research generating scientific data<sup>1</sup>) submitted after January 25, 2023 have a Data Management and Sharing (DMS) Plan and establishes the requirements for such plans.

- Compliance of the DMS Plan is evaluated by NIH funding Institutes/Centers after initial peer review.
- Reviewers are asked to evaluate <u>only the DMS costs</u> (not the plan itself) as part of their overall evaluation of the budget.
- Reviewers <u>will not</u> have access to the DMS Plan<sup>2</sup> but will see any budget information associated with the DMS implementation in the budget justification section (see <u>Budget Guidance</u> for allowable costs).
- Resource Sharing Plans (RSP) will continue to be an additional review consideration, but only applicable in more limited contexts<sup>3</sup>. As such, the critique templates will not change.

**REMINDER**: These are all non-score driving considerations and should not influence the overall impact score.

Questions about review should be directed to your SRO or sent to: sharing@nih.gov

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>List of application types where the DMS applies is here.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Exceptions for FOAs where data sharing is core to the science, e.g., FOAs for data dissemination centers

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>The RSP will only include the <u>Model Organism Sharing Plan</u> and <u>Sharing of Research</u> Tools.